

BERGER



FOR LASTING BEAUTY AND PROTECTION

SAFETY DATA SHEETS



BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/ UNDERTAKING

IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE

Product name:	UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER
Product code:	P113728
Chemical name:	Not available
Synonyms:	Not available
Chemical formula:	Not applicable
CAS number:	Not applicable

COMPANY/UNDERTAKING IDENTIFICATION

Manufacturer/Supplier:	ANSA MCAL INDUSTRIAL PARK, 51-59 TUMPUNA ROAD SOUTH, GUANAPO, ARIMA, TRINIDAD, W.I. TEL (868) 665-5721-3/4913/5829/8046/1991, 671-2722/ 3245 FAX (868) 665-1577
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation):	TRINIDAD TEL : (868) 665-5721-3/4913/5829/8046/1991, 671-2722/3245 FAX: (868) 665-1577

PRODUCT INFORMATION www.bergerpaintscaribbean.com

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification:	Highly flammable, Toxic, Dangerous for the environment
Risk phrases:	R11- Highly flammable. R45- May cause cancer. R20- Also harmful by inhalation. R36/37- Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact. R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment
Physical/chemical hazards:	Highly Flammable.
Human health hazards:	May cause cancer. Also harmful by inhalation. Irritating to eyes and respiratory system. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Environmental hazards:	Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
Additional hazards:	None known.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance/preparation: Mixture

Ingredient name	CAS number	%
4-methylpentan-2-one	108-10-1	15 – 30
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	14808-60-7	5 – 15
xylene	1330-20-7	5 – 15
toluene	108-88-3	5 – 15
xylene	1330-20-7	5 – 15
zinc chromates	11103-86-9	1 – 5
zinc oxide	1314-13-2	1 – 5
barium sulphate	7727-43-7	1 – 5
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	1 – 5
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	0 – 1
Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free	112945-52-5	0 – 1
toluene	108-88-3	0 - 1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

INGESTION

Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

SKIN CONTACT

Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

EYE CONTACT

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Suitable:

Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Not suitable:

Do not use water jet.

SPECIAL EXPOSURE HAZARDS

Flammable liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

HAZARDOUS THERMAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, sulfur oxides, halogenated compounds, metal oxide/oxides.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist.

Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

METHODS FOR CLEANING UP

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

STORAGE

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

INGREDIENT NAME	OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS
4-methylpentan-2-one	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 83 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 208 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
XYLENE	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes..
TOLUENE	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
XYLENE	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 221 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 442 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
zinc chromates	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ , (measured as Cr) 8 hours.
zinc oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ETHYLBENZENE	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 442 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 884 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
toluene	EU OEL (Europe, 12/2009). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values TWA: 192 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 384 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

INGREDIENT NAME	OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS
4-methylpentan-2-one	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours
Crystalline silica (Quartz)	OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 250/(%SiO ₂ +5) TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO ₂ +5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 10/(SiO ₂ +2) TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO ₂ +2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as quartz TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as quartz) 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 30/(%SiO ₂ +2) TWA: 30 MG/M3 / (%SiO ₂ +2) 8 hours. Form: Total dust.
Talc , containing asbestiform fibres	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). TWA: 20 mppcf 8 hours. Form: not containing asbestos STEL: 1 f/cc 30 minutes. Form: not containing asbestos TWA: 0.1 f/cc 8 hours. STEL: 1 f/cc 30 minutes.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
toluene	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

INGREDIENT NAME	OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 655 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
potassium hydroxyoctaoxodizincate dichromate(1-)	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as CrO ₃ CEIL: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as CrO ₃) OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006). CEIL: 1 mg/10m ³ OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 0.005 mg/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ , (measured as Cr) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Cr) 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as CR) 10 hours.
zinc oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). CEIL: 15 mg/m ³ Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and fumes STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction
barium sulfate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

INGREDIENT NAME	OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Barium chromate	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Notes: as Ba TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Ba) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as Ba TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Ba) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). Notes: as Ba TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Ba) 8 hours. OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as CrO ₃ CEIL: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as CrO ₃) OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 11/2006). CEIL: 1 mg/10m ³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). TWA: 0.01 mg/m ³ , (measured as Cr) 8 hours. Form: Insoluble NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013). TWA: 0.5 mg/m ³ , (as Ba) 10 hours.

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMIT VALUES

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

HYGIENE MEASURES

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

HAND PROTECTION

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

EYE PROTECTION

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

SKIN PROTECTION

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure controls they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PHYSICAL STATE	Liquid.
ODOR	Not available.
ODOR THRESHOLD	Not available.
PH	Not available.
BOILING POINT	Not available.
MELTING POINT	Not available.
FLASH POINT	Closed cup: 4.85°C (40.7°F) [Abel's close cup]
VAPOR PRESSURE	Not available.
SOLUBILITY	Not available.
VAPOR DENSITY	Not available.
AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE	Not available.
DENSITY	1.27 g/cm ³
FLAMMABILITY	Not available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY	The product is stable.
POSSIBILITY OF REACTIONS	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.
MATERIALS TO AVOID	No known incompatibility

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

POTENTIAL ACUTE HEALTH EFFECTS

Inhalation:	Harmful by inhalation. Irritating to respiratory system.
Ingestion:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact:	Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.
Eye contact:	Irritating to eyes.

PRODUCT/INGREDIENT NAME	RESULT	SPECIES	SCORE	EXPOSURE	OBSERVATION
4-methylpentan-2-one	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hour 100 microliters	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Xylene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Percent	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15 milligrams	-
ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
2-butanone oxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 Microliters	-
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250 microliters	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

PRODUCT NAME	CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS	MUTAGENIC EFFECTS	DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS	FERTILITY EFFECTS
zinc chromates	-Carc. Cat. 1; R45	-	-	-
2-butanone oxime	Carc. Cat. 3; R40	-	-	-
Toluene	-	-	Repr. Cat. 3; R63	-

CHRONIC EFFECTS

Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.

CARCINOGENICITY

May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

MUTAGENICITY

No known significant effects or critical hazards

TERATOGENICITY

No known significant effects or critical hazards

DEVELOPMENTAL EFFECTS

No known significant effects or critical hazards

FERTILITY EFFECTS

No known significant effects or critical hazards

DENMARK CARCINOGEN LIST

Contains a substance or substances listed under National Working Environment Authorities Executive Order 908/2005.

OVER-EXPOSURE SIGNS/SYMPTOMS

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Skin	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness, dryness, cracking
Eyes	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, watering, redness

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY No known significant effects or critical hazards.

AQUATIC ECOTOXICITY Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

BIOACCUMULATIVE POTENTIAL

PRODUCT/ INGREDIENT NAME	LOGP _{ow}	BCF	POTENTIAL
4-methylpentan-2-one	1.31	-	Low
Xylene	3.12	8.1 To 25.9	Low
toluene	2.7	90	Low
xylene	3.1	8.1 to 25.9	Low
zinc chromates	-	60960	High
zinc oxide	-	60960	High
ethylbenzene	3.6	-	High
2-butanone oxime	0.63	2.5 to 5.8	Low
Toluene	2.73	8.317637711	Low

OTHER ADVERSE EFFECTS No known significant effects or critical hazards.

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

METHODS OF DISPOSAL

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste product residues should not be disposed of via the sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

INTERNATIONAL TRANSPORT REGULATIONS

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	Packing group	Label	Additional information
ADR/RID Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (4-methylpentan-2-one, xylene)	3	II		Special provisions 640 (C) Tunnel Code (D/E)
ADN/ADNR Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (4-methylpentan-2-one, xylene)	3	II		-
IMDG Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (4-methylpentan-2-one, xylene). Marine pollutant (xylene, toluene)	3	II		
IATA Class	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (4-methylpentan-2-one, Xylene)	3	II		

BERGER UNIVERSAL METAL PRIMER

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

HAZARD SYMBOL OR SYMBOLS:



Highly flammable, Toxic, Dangerous for the environment

RISK PHRASES

R11- Highly flammable.
 R45- May cause cancer.
 R20- Also harmful by inhalation.
 R36/37- Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.
 R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact.
 R66- Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
 R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment

SAFETY PHRASES

S53- Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
 S2- Keep out of the reach of children.
 S24- Avoid contact with skin.
 S29- Do not empty into drains.
 S37- Wear suitable gloves.
 S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.
 S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

CONTAINS

zinc chromates
 Silica, amorphous, fumed, cryst.-free

PRODUCT USE

Consumer applications

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NATIONAL FIRE PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (U.S.A.)



HISTORY

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Version	1

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DISCLAIMER

Information contained in this material safety data sheet is believed to be reliable and given in good faith, but no representation, guarantee or warranties of any kind are made as to its accuracy, suitability for a particular application or results to be obtained from them. The user of this material decides what safety measures are necessary to safely use this material, either alone or in combination with other materials.

BERGER



FOR LASTING BEAUTY AND PROTECTION

SAFETY DATA SHEETS

**This an evolving document and will be updated periodically as new products become available.
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